# TENNESSEE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE

# FISCAL MEMORANDUM



HB 2751 – SB 2607

April 10, 2012

**SUMMARY OF AMENDMENT (016421):** Deletes all language after the enacting clause. Requires an enhanced sentence of an additional 30 days for a person convicted of driving under the influence (DUI) while accompanied by a child under eighteen years of age. Requires an enhanced fine of \$1,000 in addition to any other fine imposed for a violation of DUI.

#### CORRECTED FISCAL IMPACT OF ORIGINAL BILL:

Increase Local Expenditures – Exceeds \$1,300\*

## FISCAL IMPACT OF BILL WITH PROPOSED AMENDMENT:

**Increase Local Revenue – \$12,000** 

**Increase Local Expenditures – Exceeds \$1,300\*** 

Assumptions applied to amendment:

- Current law requires a 30-day minimum sentence for DUI when a minor is present in the vehicle.
- A 48-hour minimum sentence is required for first time DUI offenders.
- Under this bill as amended, offenders would be required to serve both the 30-day minimum and the 48-hour minimum consecutively to each other.
- Approximately 15 offenders annually will be required to serve at least an additional 48 hours of incarceration in local jails.
- According to the Department of Correction, the average county reimbursement for housing state felons for FY11-12 is \$44.83. Estimate assumes the statewide county cost for county jails is \$44.83 per offender per day. The total additional operating cost to local government for 15 offenders serving an additional 2 day sentence is \$1,344.90 (\$44.83 x 15 offenders x 2 days).
- Due to this being the minimum required incarceration for such offenses, the recurring increase in local expenditures will exceed \$1,344.90.
- An additional \$1,000 mandatory fine for offenders. An 80 percent collection rate for increased fine revenue.

• A recurring increase in local revenue of \$12,000 (\$1,000 fine increase x 15 offenders x 80% collection rate).

## **CERTIFICATION:**

The information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Lucian D. Geise, Executive Director

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<sup>\*</sup>Article II, Section 24 of the Tennessee Constitution provides that: no law of general application shall impose increased expenditure requirements on cities or counties unless the General Assembly shall provide that the state share in the cost.